


**Book Chapters**


**Peer reviewed reports or report chapters**


A chapter book or chapterbook is a story book intended for intermediate readers, generally age 7–10. Unlike picture books for beginning readers, a chapter book tells the story primarily through prose, rather than pictures. Unlike books for advanced readers, chapter books contain plentiful illustrations. The name refers to the fact that the stories are usually divided into short chapters, which provide readers with opportunities to stop and resume reading if their attention spans are not long enough. Chapters in a book are divided logically with subheads or, in the case of scientific or technical books, with numbered sections. Knowing how to organize these sections both editorially and typographically is necessary for proper book construction. Most nonfiction books are at least divided into chapters. Chapter lengths vary widely, and the goal of trying to keep chapters the same length may be elusive. In the bibliography, no page numbers are given for books. Give beginning and ending page numbers for book chapters. Use the shortened form for second and subsequent footnotes. For online books, include the DOI (or URL) as the last part of the citation and refer to section headings in lieu of page numbers. An edited book is a book in which different people have written different chapters, and the chapters have been compiled or put together by an editor. If you used information from just one chapter of an edited book, cite the chapter you used in the reference list. Create separate reference list entries for separate edited book chapters that you used. Fountain, Y. (2019). Physical activity games. In J. Stone & C. E. Schaefer (Eds.), Game play: Therapeutic use of games with children and adolescents (3rd ed., pp. 79–98).